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# LOGOSCREEN nt



## Paperless recorder with TFT display and CompactFlash card

### Brief description

The LOGOSCREEN nt represents a new generation of paperless recorders from JUMO that stand out through their modular design for the acquisition of measurement data (3 to 18 measurement inputs can be implemented internally), their innovative operating concept and high standards of security to prevent unauthorized access and manipulation of the stored data.

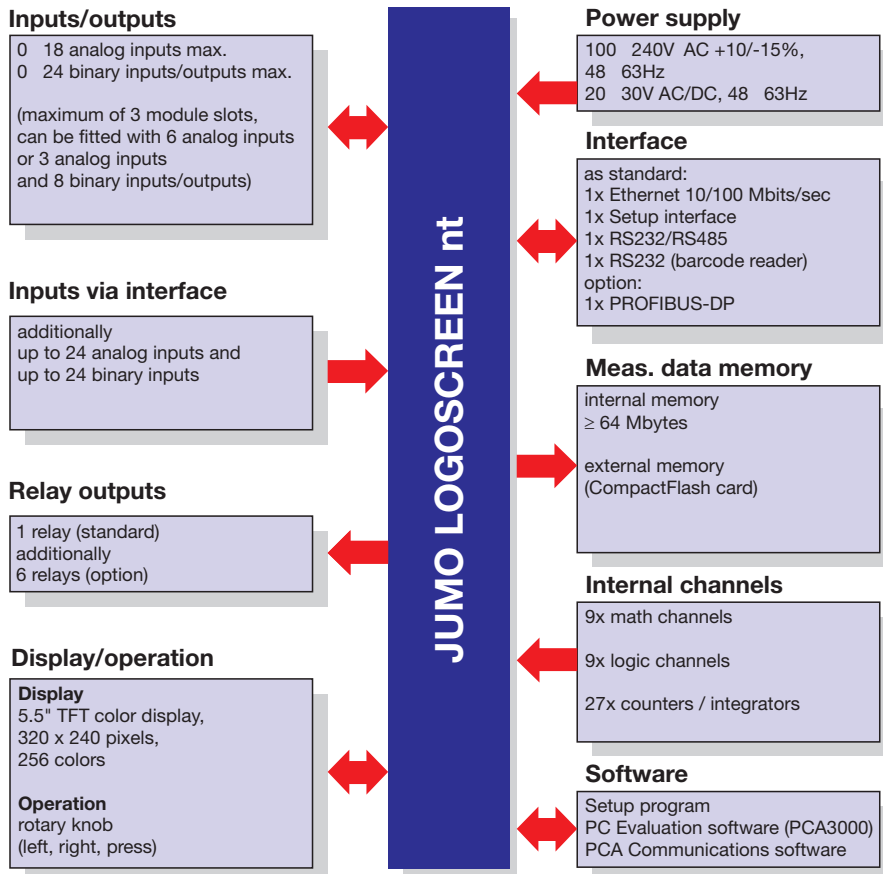
In the LOGOSCREEN nt, data can be visualized in process images as measurement curves, as a bar graph or in alphanumerical form.

Powerful PC programs are available for analyzing and evaluating the archived data, and for configuring the LOGOSCREEN nt.



Type 706580/...

### Block structure



### Key features

- Easy operation by control knob and through menu guidance
- Presentation of the measurements in various diagrams and process diagrams
- Visualization of alarms and events
- Measurement data storage on CompactFlash memory card
- Automatic read-out of data through the PCA Communications Software (PCC)
- Interface to SCADA systems, to PLC controls and PC systems
- Integrated web server
- Measurement display via web browser
- Simultaneous recording of up to 3 batch reports
- Batch control (start, stop, texts) through barcode reader
- MODbus master function
- Operator languages: English, German, French and Russian. Others on request.

## Technical data

### Analog inputs

#### Thermocouple

Designation	Type	Standard	Meas. range	Accuracy <sup>1</sup>
Fe-Con	L	DIN 43 710	-200 to +900°C	±0.1%
Fe-Con	J	EN 60 584	-200 to +1200°C	±0.1% from -100°C
Cu-Con	U	DIN 43 710	-200 to +600°C	±0.1% from -150°C
Cu-Con	T	EN 60 584	-270 to +400°C	±0.1% from -150°C
NiCr-Ni	K	EN 60 584	-200 to +1372°C	±0.1% from -80°C
NiCr-Con	E	EN 60 584	-200 to +1000°C	±0.1% from -80°C
NiCrSi-NiSi	N	EN 60 584	-100 to +1300°C	±0.1% from -80°C
Pt10Rh-Pt	S	EN 60 584	0 to 1768°C	±0.15%
Pt13Rh-Pt	R	EN 60 584	0 to 1768°C	±0.15%
Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh	B	EN 60 584	0 to 1820°C	±0.15% from 400°C
W3Re/W25Re	D		0 to 2495°C	±0.15% from 500°C
W5Re/W26Re	C		0 to 2320°C	±0.15% from 500°C
W3Re/W26Re			0 to 2400°C	±0.15% from 500°C
Chromel-alumel	GOST R 8.585-2001		-200 to +1372°C	±0.1% from -80°C
Chromel-copel	GOST R 8.585-2001		-200 to +800°C	±0.15% from -80°C
PLII (Platinel II)			0 to 1395°C	±0.15%
Shortest span	Type L, J, U, T, K, E, N, chromel-alumel, PLII: 100°C Type S, R, B, D, C, W3Re/W26Re, chromel-copel: 500°C			
Range start/end	freely programmable within the limits, in 0.1°C steps			
Cold junction	Pt100 internal or thermostat external constant			
Cold junction accuracy (internal)	± 1°C			
Cold junction temperature (external)	-50 to +150°C adjustable			
Sampling cycle	channel 1 – 18: 125msec in total			
Input filter	2nd order digital filter; filter constant adjustable from 0 to 10.0sec			
Electrical isolation	see "Electrical data" on page 5 and "Overview of the electrical isolation" on page 15			
Resolution	> 14 bit			
Features	also programmable in °F			

1. The linearization accuracy refers to the maximum measuring range. The linearization accuracy is reduced with short spans.

#### Resistance thermometers

Designation	Standard	Connection circuit	Meas. range	Accuracy <sup>1</sup>	Meas. curr.
Pt100	EN 60 751 (TC = $3.85 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.8°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
Pt100	JIS 1604 (TC = $3.917 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire	-200 to +650°C	±0.8°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-200 to +650°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
Pt100	GOST 6651-94 A.1 (TC = $3.91 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire, 4-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire, 4-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.8°C	≈ 250µA
Pt500	EN 60 751 (TC = $3.85 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire, 4-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 100µA
		2/3-wire, 4-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.9°C	≈ 100µA
Pt1000	EN 60 751 (TC = $3.85 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 100µA
		2/3-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.8°C	≈ 100µA
		4-wire	-200 to +850°C	±0.5°C	≈ 100µA
Ni 100	DIN 43 760 (TC = $6.18 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire, 4-wire	-60 to +180°C	±0.4°C	≈ 250µA
Pt50	ST RGW 1057 1985 (TC = $3.91 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire	-200 to +1100°C	±0.9°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-200 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-200 to +1100°C	±0.6°C	≈ 250µA
Cu 50	(TC = $4.26 \cdot 10^{-3}$ 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-50 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire	-50 to +200°C	±0.9°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-50 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-50 to +200°C	±0.7°C	≈ 250µA

Designation	Standard	Connection circuit	Meas. range	Accuracy <sup>1</sup>	Meas. curr.
Cu 100	GOST 6651-94 A.1 (TC = 4.26·10 <sup>-3</sup> 1/°C)	2/3-wire	-50 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		2/3-wire	-50 to +200°C	±0.9°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-50 to +100°C	±0.5°C	≈ 250µA
		4-wire	-50 to +200°C	±0.6°C	≈ 250µA
Connection circuit		2-, 3-, or 4-wire circuit			
Shortest span		15°C			
Sensor lead resistance		max. 30 Ω per conductor for 3-wire/4-wire circuit max. 10 Ω per conductor for 2-wire circuit			
Range start/end		freely programmable within the limits in 0.1 °C steps			
Sampling cycle		channel 1 – 18: 125msec in total			
Input filter		2nd order digital filter; filter constant adjustable from 0 to 10sec			
Electrical isolation		see “Electrical data” on page 5 and “Overview of the electrical isolation” on page 15			
Resolution		> 14bit			
Features		also programmable in °F			

1. The linearization accuracy refers to the maximum measuring range. The linearization accuracy is reduced with short spans.

**Resistance transmitter and potentiometer**

Designation	Meas. range	Accuracy <sup>1</sup>	Measuring current
Resistance transmitter	up to 4000Ω	±4 Ω	≈ 100µA
Potentiometer	< 400Ω	±400 mΩ	≈ 100µA
	≥ 400Ω to 4000Ω	±4 Ω	≈ 250µA
Connection circuit		resistance transmitter: 3-wire circuit potentiometer: 2-/3-/4-wire circuit	
Shortest span		60Ω	
Sensor lead resistance		max. 30Ω per conductor for 4-wire circuit max. 10 Ω per conductor for 2-/3-wire circuit	
Resistance values		freely programmable within the limits, in 0.1Ω steps	
Sampling cycle		channel 1 – 18: 125msec in total	
Input filter		2nd order digital filter; filter constant adjustable from 0 to 10.0sec	
Electrical isolation		see “Electrical data” on page 5 and “Overview of the electrical isolation” on page 15	
Resolution		> 14bit	

1. The linearization accuracy refers to the maximum measuring range. The linearization accuracy is reduced with short spans.

**Input for DC voltage, DC current**

Basic range	Accuracy <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance
-12 to +112mV	±100µV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 1 MΩ
-10 to +210mV	±240µV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 470 kΩ
-1.5 to +11.5V	±6mV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 470 kΩ
-0.12 to +1.12V	±1mV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 470 kΩ
-1.2 to +1.2V	±2mV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 470 kΩ
-11 to +12V	±12mV	R <sub>IN</sub> ≥ 470 kΩ
Shortest span		5mV
Range start/end		freely programmable within the limits in 0.01 mV steps
-1.3 to +22mA	±20µA	burden voltage ≤ 3V
-22 to +22mA	±44µA	burden voltage ≤ 3V
Shortest span		0.5mA
Range start/end		freely programmable within the limits in 0.01 mA steps
Overrange/underrange		according to NAMUR NE 43
Sampling cycle		channel 1 – 18: 125msec in total
Input filter		2nd order digital filter; filter constant adjustable from 0 to 10.0sec
Electrical isolation		see “Electrical data” on page 5 and “Overview of the electrical isolation” on page 15
Resolution		> 14bit

1. The linearization accuracy refers to the maximum measuring range. The linearization accuracy is reduced with short spans.

**Transducer short circuit/break**

	Short-circuit <sup>1</sup>	Break <sup>1</sup>
Thermocouple	not detected	detected
Resistance thermometer	detected	detected
Resistance transmitter	not detected	detected
Potentiometer	not detected	detected
Voltage ≤ ± 210mV	not detected	detected
Voltage > ± 210mV	not detected	not detected
Current	not detected	not detected

1. Programmable reaction of device, e.g. triggering alarm

**Binary inputs/outputs (option)**

Input or output	configurable as input or output
Number	8, 16 or 24, depending on the device version, to DIN VDE 0411, Part 500; max. 25Hz, max. 32V
Input - level - pulse width - sampling cycle (for recording)	logic "0": -3 to +5V (input current max. ±1 mA), logic "1": 12 – 30V (2.5mA ≤ input current ≤ 5mA) min. 300msec 1 Hz
High-speed input - task - pulse width - sampling cycle	the first two binary inputs of each module (B1, B2, B9, B10, B17, B18), if the module is not fitted with relays or 6 analog inputs count function, e.g. for flow measurement min. 300µs 10kHz
Output - type - level  - sampling cycle	open-collector output, switches relative to positive voltage logic "0": transistor is inhibited (max. permissible voltage across switching transistor ≤ 30V, max. leakage current 0.1 mA) logic "1": transistor is switched on (max. voltage across switching transistor ≤ 1.6V, max. current 50mA) at least 1 sec (1 Hz)

**Outputs**

1 relay (ex-factory)	changeover (SPDT), 3A, 230V AC <sup>1</sup>
6 relays (option)	changeover (SPDT), 3A, 230V AC <sup>1,2</sup>

1. with resistive load. 2. It is not permissible to mix SELV circuits and supply circuits.

**Interfaces**

RS232/RS485 (connector 7) - protocol - baud rate - modem - connector - external inputs	Qty. 1, switchable between RS232 and RS485 MODbus master, MODbus slave and barcode reader 9600, 19200, 38400 can be connected SUB-D via the MODbus master/salve function, 24 analog and 24 binary
RS232 for barcode reader (connector 2) - protocol - baud rate - connector - external inputs	Qty. 1 MODbus master, MODbus slave and barcode reader 9600, 19200, 38400 SUB-D via the MODbus master/salve function, 24 analog and 24 binary
Ethernet (connector 6) - quantity - protocols - baud rate - connector - data format	max. 1 TCP, IP, HTTP, DHCP, SMTP, MODbusTCP 10Mbits/sec, 100Mbits/sec RJ45 HTML

**Screen**

Resolution / size	320 x 240 pixels / 5.5"
Type / number of colors	TFT color screen / 256 colors
Screen refresh rate	> 150Hz
Brightness setting	adjustable on instrument
Screen saver (switch-off)	through waiting time or control signal

**Electrical data**

Supply voltage (switch-mode PSU)	100 – 240V AC +10/-15%, 48 – 63Hz or 20 – 30V AC/DC, 48 – 63Hz
Electrical safety	to EN 61 010, Part 1, August 2002 overvoltage category II, pollution degree 2 terminal for PE conductor
Protection class I	
Test voltages (type test)	
- mains supply circuit to measuring circuit	with AC supply: 2.3kV/50Hz, 1 min, with AC/DC supply: 510V/50Hz, 1 min
- mains supply circuit to housing (protective conductor)	with AC supply: 2.3kV/50Hz, 1 min, with AC/DC supply: 510V/50Hz, 1 min
- measuring current circuits to meas. current circuit and housing	500V/50Hz, 1 min
- electrical isolation between analog inputs	up to 30V AC and 50V DC
Supply voltage error	< 0.1% of range span
Power consumption	approx. 30VA
Data backup	CompactFlash memory card
Electrical connection	
- mains supply and relays	at rear through pluggable screw terminals, 5.08mm raster, max. conductor cross-section $\leq 2.5\text{mm}^2$ or $2 \times 1.5\text{mm}^2$ with ferrules or at rear through pluggable and screwable terminal blocks (on request)
- analog and binary inputs	at rear through pluggable screw terminals, 3.81 mm raster, max. conductor cross-section $\leq 1.5\text{mm}^2$ or at rear through pluggable and screwable terminal blocks (on request)

**Environmental influences**

Ambient temperature range	0 to +50°C
Ambient temperature effect	0.03%/°C
Storage temperature range	-20 to +60°C
Climatic conditions	$\leq 75\%$ relative humidity, no condensation
EMC	EN 61 326
- interference emission	Class A
- immunity to interference	to industrial requirements

**Housing**

Housing front	zinc die-casting, optionally in stainless steel
Housing type	housing for flush-panel mounting to DIN 43 700, in stainless steel
Bezel size	144 mm x 144 mm
Depth behind panel	192 mm (incl. terminals)
Panel cut-out	$138^{+1.0}$ mm x $138^{+1.0}$ mm
Panel thickness	2 – 40 mm
Housing mounting	in panel to DIN 43 834
Operating position	unrestricted, but taking into account the viewing angle of the screen, horizontally $\pm 65^\circ$ , vertically $+40^\circ$ to $-65^\circ$
Enclosure protection	to EN 60 529 Category 2, front IP65, rear IP20
Weight	approx. 4 kg



Control knob, to rotate and press.

CompactFlash memory card and setup interface behind housing door.

## Instrument description

### Hardware

The paperless recorder is built to a modular design. The basic type consists of a PSU board (incl. relays) and a CPU board (incl. Ethernet and RS232/RS485 interfaces and a RS232 interface to connect a barcode reader).

The module slots 1, 2 and 3 can be fitted with input modules, each with 6 analog inputs or 3 analog inputs and 8 binary inputs/outputs. Alternatively, module slot 3 can be fitted with a relay module that has 6 relays.

Optionally, the PSU board can be equipped with a PROFIBUS-DP interface.

### Data recording

The measurements are acquired continuously in a 125msec sampling cycle. Based on these measurements, reports are compiled and limits checked.

The measurements are transferred to the main memory of the instrument, according to the programmable storage cycle and stored value (maximum, minimum, average, min&max, instantaneous value or economy mode).

The paperless recorder saves the data according to the groups, and an input can be assigned to several groups (maximum 9).

### Main memory (RAM)

The data stored in the RAM are regularly copied to the internal memory in 20 kbyte blocks. This is written to as a ring memory, i.e. when the memory is full, the oldest data will automatically be overwritten by new data.

The data from the main memory can be shown as a history presentation on the recorder. The size of the history memory can be configured.

### Internal memory

When a block in the main memory has been filled, it is copied to the internal memory. The internal memory has a capacity of  $\geq 64$  Mbytes.

Every write action is monitored, so that any errors in saving data can be immediately identified.

The instrument monitors the capacity of the internal memory and activates one of the "memory alarm" signals when the capacity has fallen below the configurable residual capacity level. These signals can be used, for instance, to operate the alarm relay.

### CompactFlash memory card (external)

The external (replaceable) CompactFlash memory card can be used to transfer the data to a PC.

### Data security

The data are stored in coded form in a proprietary format. This ensures a high level of data security.

If the paperless recorder is disconnected from the supply, then:

- RAM and clock time are buffered by a lithium battery (ex-factory) for at least 10 years, with storage capacitor for at least 2 days (ambient temperature  $-40$  to  $+45^{\circ}\text{C}$ ),
- Measurement and configuration data in the internal memory will not be lost.

### Recording duration

Depending on the configuration of the instrument, the duration of the recording can vary over a considerable range (from a few days up to several months).

### Data transfer

Data transfer from the paperless recorder to a PC is made by means of the external CompactFlash memory card, via the serial interface, or via the Ethernet interface.

### Report

For each channel of a group, a report (maximum/minimum/average or integrator) can be run over defined periods.

### Batch reports

Up to three batch reports can be created simultaneously in the recorder. The measurement data, start, end and duration of each batch can be displayed together with a batch counter and freely definable texts, both on the recorder and within the PC Evaluation Software PCA3000.

On request, a barcode reader can be used to start batches and read in batch texts.

### Limit check/

### changeover of operating mode

Over/underlimit conditions trigger alarms. An alarm can be used, for instance, as a control signal for changing over the operating mode.

The storage cycle and stored value can be configured separately for all three operating modes.

With the help of the alarm delay function, brief occurrences of over/underlimit conditions can be filtered out, with the result that no alarm is generated.

### Normal operation

If the instrument is **not** in timed or event operation, normal operation is active.

### Event operation

Event operation is activated/deactivated by a control signal (binary input, group/combo combination alarm...). As long as the control signal is active, the instrument is in event operation.

### Timed operation

Timed operation is active on a daily basis within a programmable time period. The operating modes have different priorities.

### Counters/integrators/ operating time counters/ high-speed counters

27 additional internal channels are available for use as counters, integrators or operating time counters.

These counters are controlled through the binary inputs, the alarms, or via the logic channels. The analog channels can be used for the integrators. The numerical indication is shown in a separate window, with a maximum of 9 digits. The acquisition period can be selected as: periodic, daily, weekly, monthly, yearly as well as external, total (overall count) or daily from ... to. A maximum of 6 binary inputs are available as high-speed counters with a 10kHz sampling cycle rate.

### Math/logic module (extra code)




The module for math and logic (9 channels each) enables, for instance, the combination of analog channels with one another, and also the combination of analog channels with counters and binary inputs. The operators available for formulae are: +, -, \*, /, (, ), SQRT(), MIN(), MAX(), SIN(), COS(), TAN(), \*\*, EXP(), ABS(), INT(), FRC(), LOG(), LN(), humidity, moving average or !, &, |, ^, as well as ( and ).

The math and logic module can only be configured through the setup program.

## Operation and configuration

### On the recorder

The instrument is configured from the control knob on the front panel under menu guidance.


-  Shift current menu position (cursor) to the left or upwards.
-  Shift current menu position (cursor) to the right or downwards.
-  When the control knob is pressed, the current function is executed.

Example:

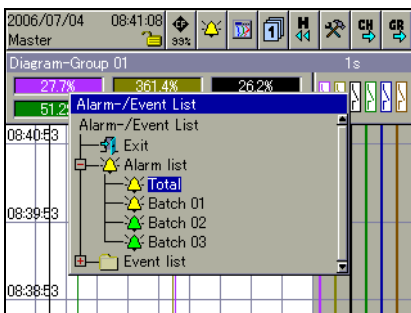


 Rotate control knob to the left.

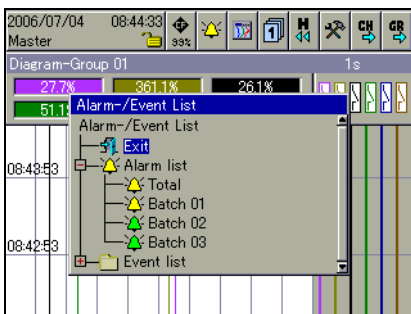



 Press control knob.

Result: The menu for the alarm and event list is called up.




 Rotate control knob to the left.



 Press control knob.

Result: The menu for the alarm and event list is closed again.



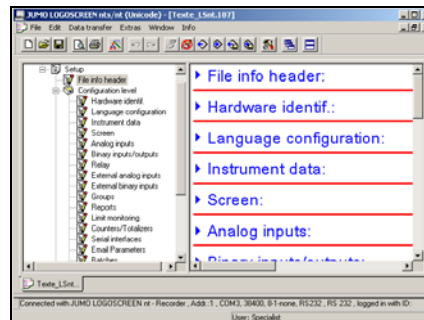
 Integrated user lists (different users with different authorizations) protect the recorder against unauthorized access.

### Through setup program

As an alternative to the configuration from the control knob on the recorder, the instrument can also be configured through the setup program.

The communication between the setup program and the paperless recorder is made through the:

- setup interface,
- serial interface,
- Ethernet interface or
- CompactFlash memory card



The configuration data can be archived on a data storage medium and output to the printer.

### Via the CompactFlash memory card

The configuration can be saved to the CompactFlash memory card and read into the recorder.

### Operating language

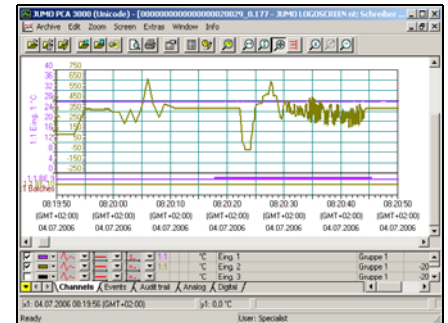
Two languages (see order details) are integrated in the instrument ex-factory. The setup program is used to exchange the operator language.

The languages available at the moment are: English, French, German and Russian. Other language versions (with Unicode capability) can be created.

## PC programs

### PC Evaluation Software (PCA3000)

The PC Evaluation Software (PCA3000) is a program which runs under Windows NT4.0/2000/XP, and is used to manage, archive, visualize and evaluate the recorder data.



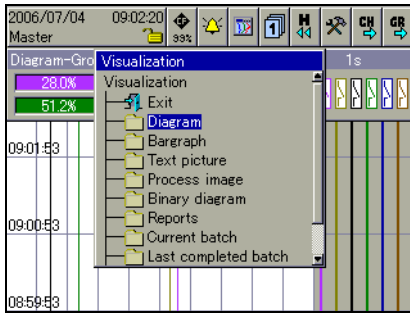
- The data from differently configured instruments are recognized by the PC Evaluation Software and stored in an archive database. The entire management is performed automatically. The user only has to manually allocate an identifier (supplementary description).
- The user can at any time gain access to certain data sets which can be distinguished by the identifier. In addition, it is possible to restrict the time periods to be evaluated.
- Any analog or binary channels of a paperless recorder (even from different groups) can subsequently be combined into PCA groups in PCA3000.
- Since each group is displayed in a separate window, several groups can be shown simultaneously on the screen and compared.
- Operation by mouse or keys.
- Using the export filter, it is possible to export the stored data, so that they can be processed in other programs, such as Excel.
- The PC Evaluation Software PCA3000 has network capability, i.e. several users can obtain data from the same database in the network independently of each other.

### PCA Communications software (PCC)

- The data can be read out from the recorder via the serial interface (RS232/RS485) or via the Ethernet interface. The data can be read manually or automatically (e.g. daily at 23.00 hrs).
- Data can also be retrieved via remote control, through a modem.

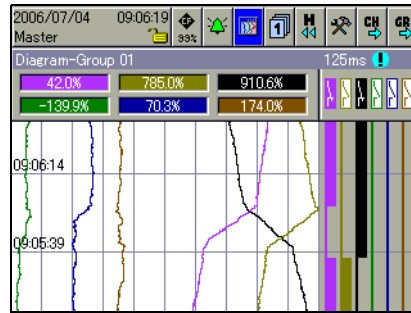
# Visualization on the instrument

## Operator level



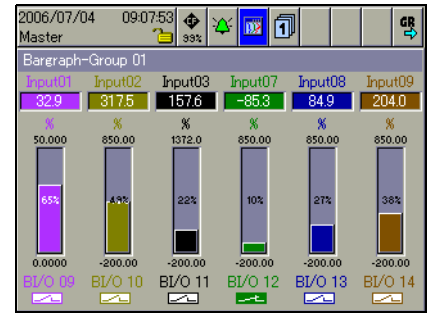
- Selection of visualization

## Vertical diagram



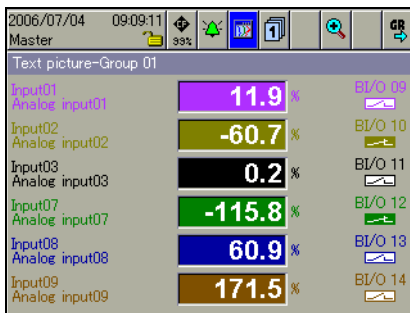
- Recorder chart presentation of the analog and binary channels
- Display of scaling and limit markers of a channel (can be switched on/off)
- Numerical display of the current analog channels

## Bar graph presentation



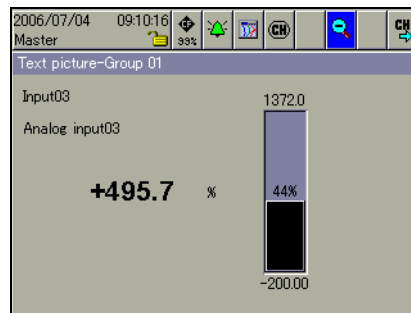
- Bar graph presentation of the analog channels
- On/Off presentation of the binary channels
- Display of the current analog channels with scaling and limit markers
- Color change of bar graph to red when limits are infringed

## Numerical presentation



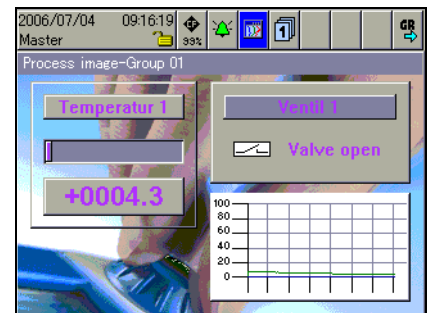
- Large numerical presentation of the analog channels, including the channel name and description
- Each analog channel can be switched to the foreground
- On/Off presentation of the binary channels

## Numerical 1-channel presentation



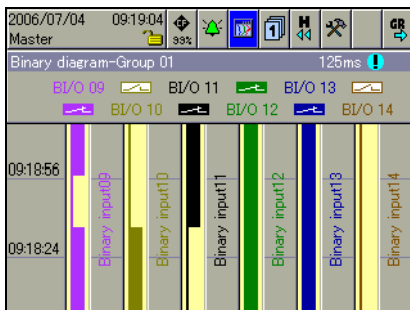
- Clear presentation of an analog channel
- An analog input is shown as a bar graph and a number simultaneously
- Display of the channel name and description
- Display of scaling and limit markers

## Process image



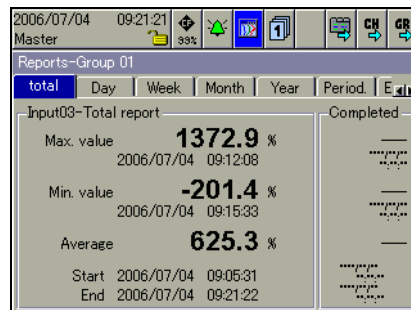
- Freely configurable presentation (through the setup program) of analog and binary signals with background pictures
- One process image for each group

## Binary presentation



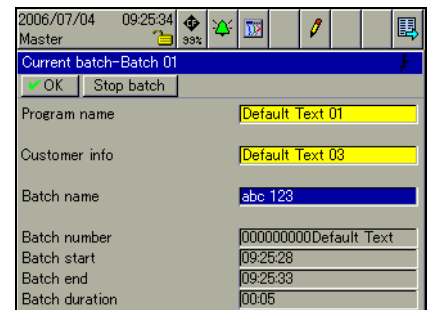
- On/Off presentation of the binary channels

## Report



- Display of different reports for the analog channels of a group
- Details of minimum/maximum/average/integral values and time period
- Display of the previous report

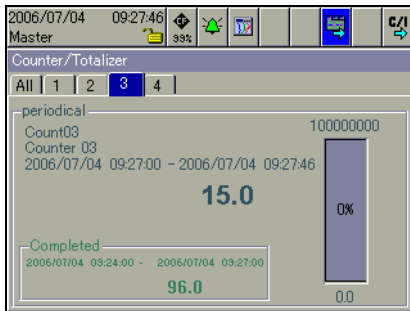
## Batch reports



- 3 batches documented simultaneously
- Changeover between current and completed batch reports
- Electronic signature is possible
- Batch texts via interface and barcode reader, among others

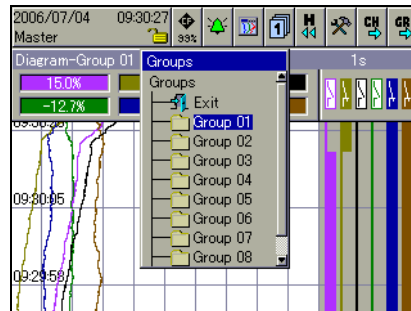


### Counter/integrator presentation



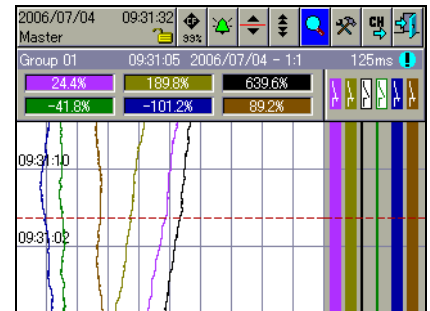
- Presentation of up to 27 counters or integrators
- Changeover between individual or overall display
- Display of the current and the most recently completed count

### Group selection



- Up to 9 groups are configurable
- Up to 6 analog and 6 binary channels can be shown for each group
- Measurement signals can be used in several groups

### History presentation



- All stored measurement data are shown as curves at different zoom levels
- Display of scaling and limit markers of a channel
- Numerical display of the measurements of the analog channels at the cursor position
- Shifting of the visible section within the stored measurement data

### Presentation of alarm lists

Date	Time	Description
2006/07/04	09:47:22	Alarm Lim02
2006/07/04	09:47:15	Alarm Lim01
2006/07/04	09:47:15	I/O 9 not calibrated
2006/07/04	09:47:15	High Alarm AI08
2006/07/04	09:47:15	I/O 8 not calibrated
2006/07/04	09:47:15	I/O 7 not calibrated
2006/07/04	09:47:15	High Alarm AI02

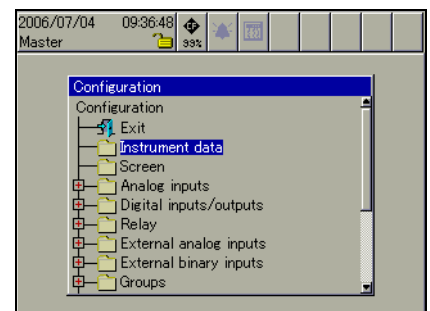
- Display of current alarms
- For the instrument as a whole or batch-related
- Up to 150 entries visible on the recorder

### Presentation of event lists

Date	Time	Description
2006/07/04	09:35:19	CF card removed
2006/07/04	09:35:19	CF card in place
2006/07/04	09:35:16	CF card removed
2006/07/04	09:34:16	POWER ON
2006/07/04	09:33:42	POWER OFF
2006/07/04	09:26:29	Batch 01 end
2006/07/04	09:25:28	Batch 01 start
2006/07/04	09:05:31	NEW CONFIGURATION

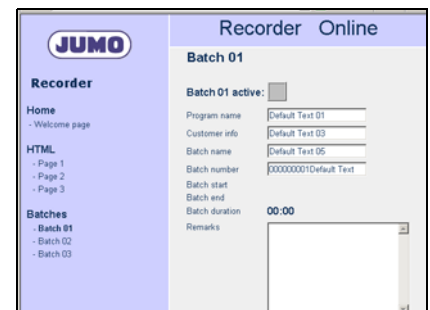
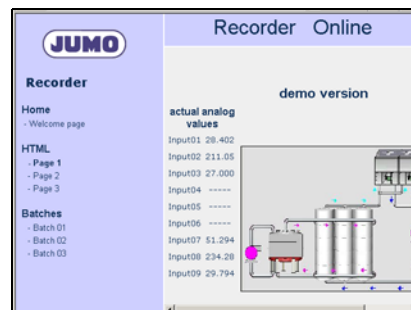
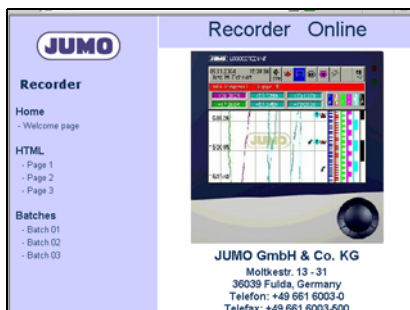
- Display and storage of events and alarms
- For the instrument as a whole or batch-related
- Up to 150 entries visible on the recorder

### Configuration



- Configuration on the recorder itself, by rotating and pressing the control knob
- Configuration through setup program

## Visualization through the web browser



- Freely configurable HTML pages

## Interfaces

- Setup interface (standard)
- RS232/RS485 interface (standard)
- Ethernet interface (standard)
- RS232 interface for barcode reader (standard)
- PROFIBUS-DP interface (extra code - in preparation)

	Setup interface	RS232 RS485	Ethernet	PROFIBUS-DP	External CF card
Read / write current measurement data	yes	yes	yes	yes	no
Read stored measurement data	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Read / write configuration	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Write user list	yes	yes	yes	no	yes

### Setup interface

The setup interface is used together with a PC interface for operating the setup program.

The recorder has one setup interface on the front panel and one on the back panel (connected in parallel). The two interfaces cannot both be operated at the same time. The available PC interfaces are:

- PC interface with TTL/RS232 converter and adapter (socket)  
Sales No. 70/00350260
- PC interface as USB/TTL converter, with adapter (socket) and adapter (plug)  
Sales No. 70/00456352

Further information on the PC interface can be found in data sheet 70.9700.

### RS232/RS485 interface

The current process data as well as specific device data can be read out via the RS232 or RS485 interface.

The data saved to the internal memory can also be read out in conjunction with the PC Evaluation Software PCA3000 and the PCA Communications Software (PCC).

The RS232 interface permits a maximum lead length of 15m, the RS485 interface 1.2km.

Connection is by a 9-pin SUB-D connector at the back of the instrument. The MODbus (master and slave) protocols are available, and the transmission mode used is RTU (Remote Terminal Unit).

### RS232 for barcode reader

A barcode reader can be attached to the interface. The barcode reader can be used to start or stop the batch reporting, and to set batch texts (customer information, batch number...).

The barcode reader can also be operated via the RS232/RS485 interface, and the RS232 interface for the barcode reader can also be used as a Modbus master or slave.

### Ethernet interface

The Ethernet interface can be used in local networks for the communication between the recorder and the setup program and the PCA Communications Software. The IP address is set permanently through the configuration on the instrument or in the setup program, or can be automatically received from a DHCP server.

The integrated web server allows simultaneous access by several PCs to 3 HTML and 3 batch pages.

Transmission protocol: TCP/IP  
Network type: 10BaseT, 100BaseT

### PROFIBUS-DP interface

The recorder can be integrated into a fieldbus system according to the PROFIBUS-DP standard via the PROFIBUS-DP interface. This PROFIBUS version is especially designed for the communication between automation systems and distributed peripheral devices at the field level.

Data are transmitted serially according to the RS485 standard, with a maximum of 12 Mbits/sec.

Using the project design tool that is included in the delivery (GSD generator; GSD = device master file), an application-specific GSD file is created, which is used to integrate the recorder into the fieldbus system.

### External CompactFlash memory card (CF)

The external CompactFlash memory card (CF) is used to transfer the data from the internal memory to the PC. Configuration data can be created on the PC and then transferred to the recorder by means of the memory card.

On the PC side, data on the card is accessed using a read/write device (CompactFlash reader/writer).

### External inputs via interface

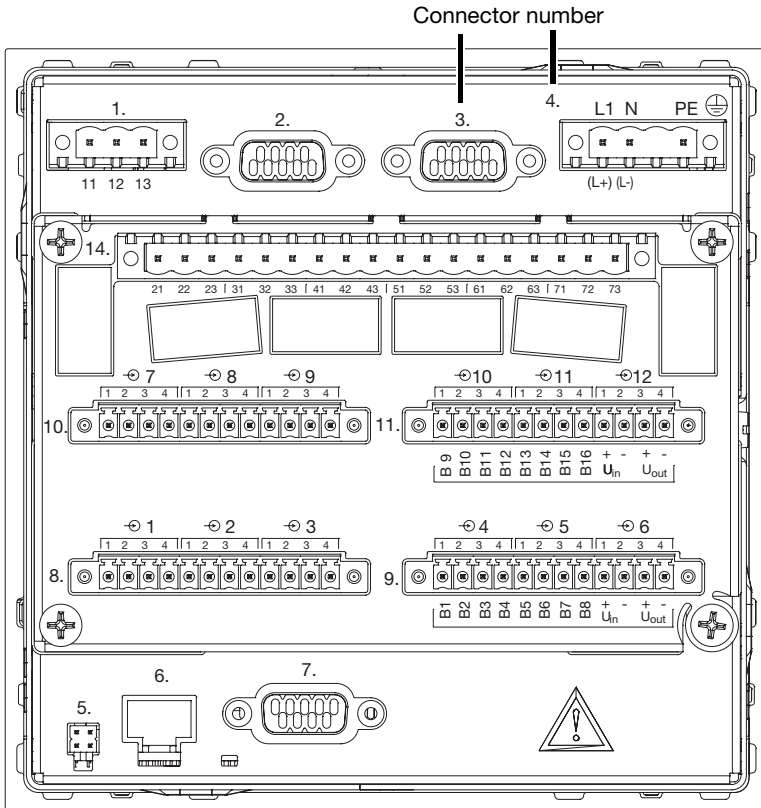
The paperless recorder can acquire and store up to 24 analog inputs and 24 binary inputs.

Furthermore, the interfaces can be used to enter comments in the event list of the recorder.

# Connection diagram

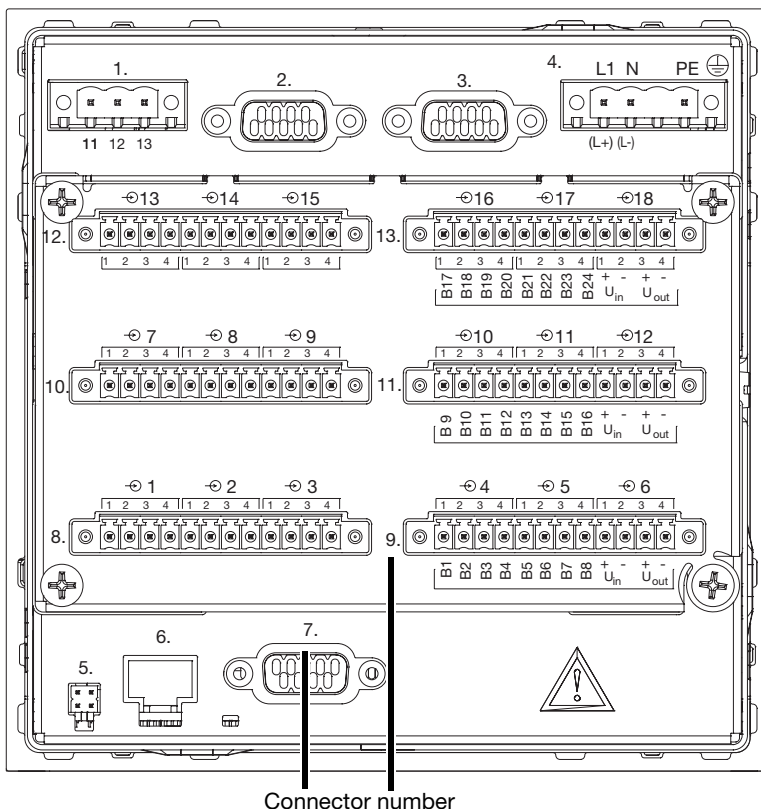
Rear view with pluggable screw terminals

Instrument variant 1




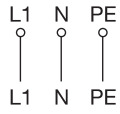
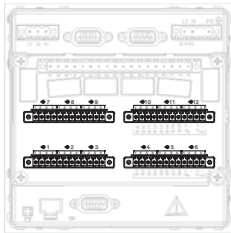

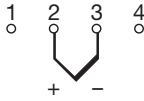
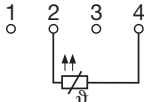
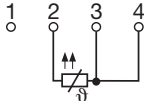
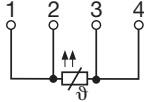
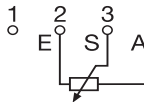
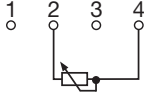
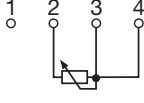
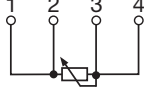
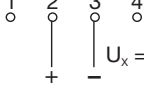
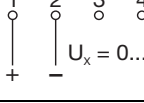
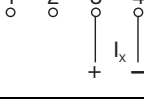
- Module slot 3 (top)**  
 fitted with one relay card.
- Module slot 2 (middle)**  
 fitted with 6 analog channels or  
 3 analog channels and  
 8 binary inputs/outputs.
- Module slot 1 (bottom)**  
 fitted with 6 analog channels or  
 3 analog channels and  
 8 binary inputs/outputs.


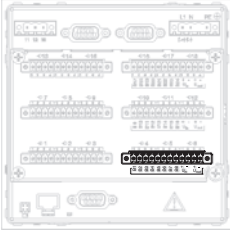
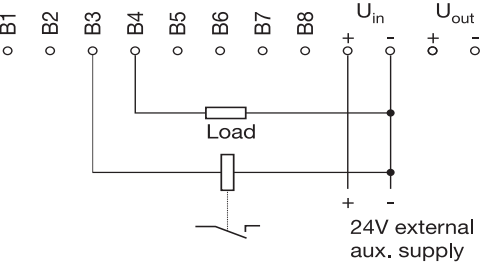
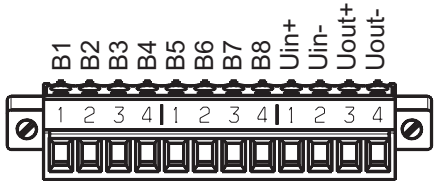
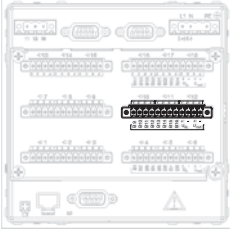

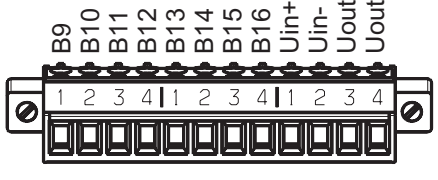
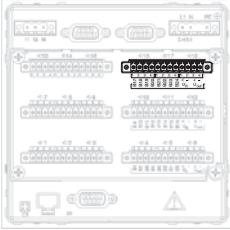
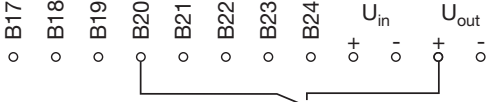
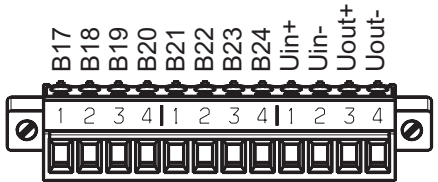
Instrument variant 2


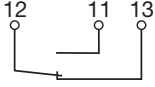
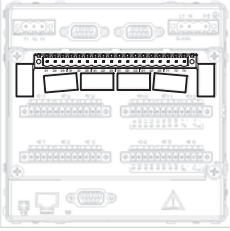
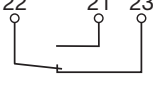
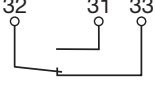
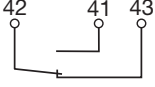
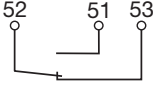
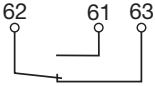
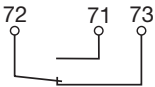








- Module slot 3 (top)**  
 fitted with 6 analog channels or  
 3 analog channels and  
 8 binary inputs/outputs.
- Module slot 2 (middle)**  
 fitted with 6 analog channels or  
 3 analog channels and  
 8 binary inputs/outputs.
- Module slot 1 (bottom)**  
 fitted with 6 analog channels or  
 3 analog channels and  
 8 binary inputs/outputs.

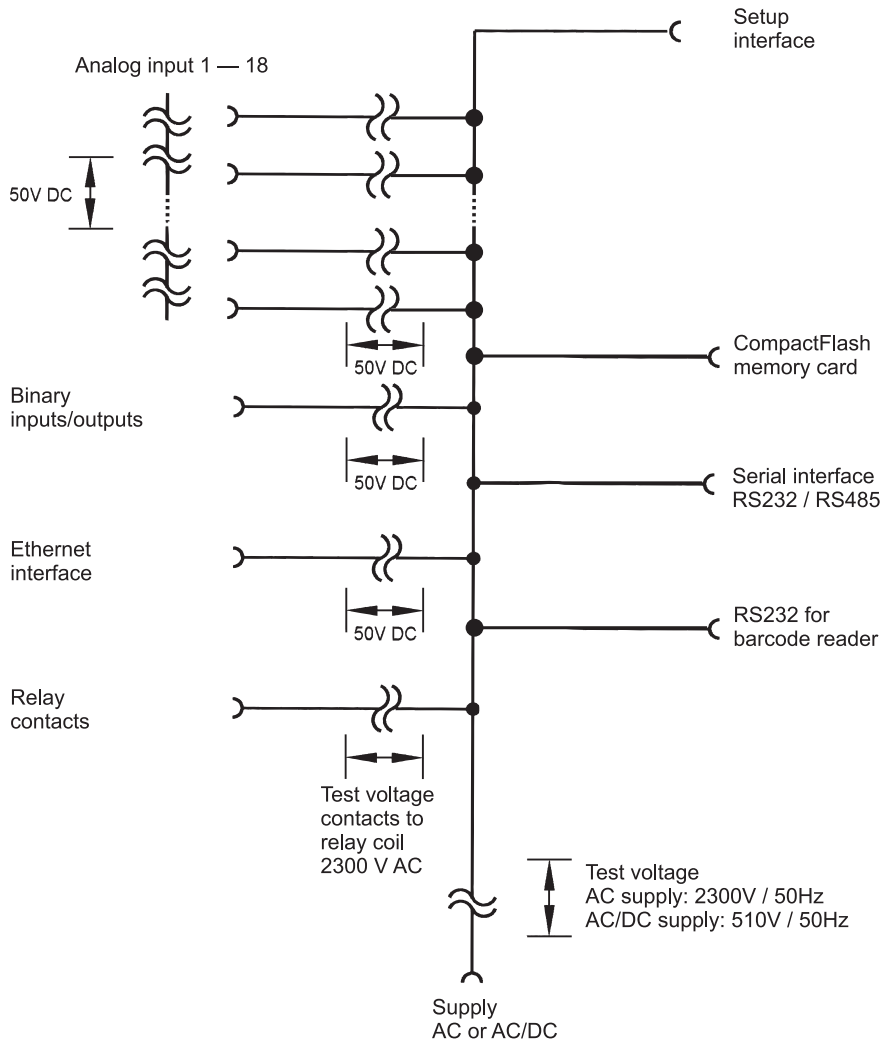
Connector number

Terminal assignment	Connector	Diagram
<b>Supply</b>		
Supply as on nameplate	Connector 4 L1 (L+) N (L-) PE 	
<b>Analog inputs</b>		
Thermocouple	Connectors 8 to 11 (input 1 to 12) for instrument variant 1    or  connectors 8 to 13 (input 1 to 18) for instrument variant 2  	
RTD in 2-wire circuit		
RTD in 3-wire circuit		
RTD in 4-wire circuit		
Resistance transmitter		 <p>E = End S = Slider A = Start</p>
Potentiometer in 2-wire circuit		or 
Potentiometer in 3-wire circuit		
Potentiometer in 4-wire circuit		
Voltage input 0 – 1V		
Voltage input 0 – 10V		
Current input		

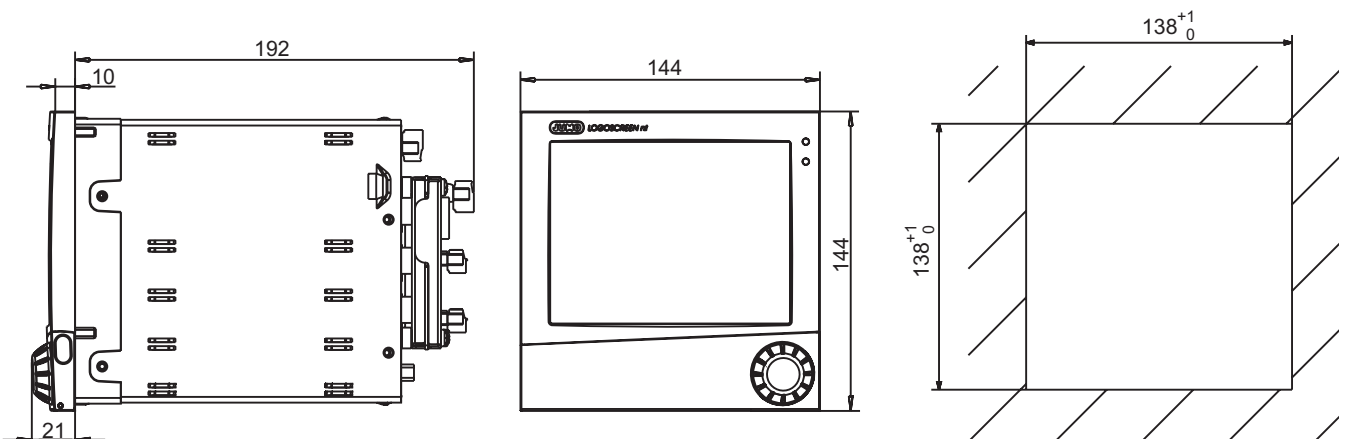
Terminal assignment	Connector	Diagram
<p><b>Binary inputs/outputs</b></p> <p> Configuration (through the setup program or on the instrument) defines which are binary inputs and which are outputs.</p>		
<p>B1 ... B8</p> <p>voltage-controlled LOW = -3 to +5V DC HIGH = 12 to 30V DC</p> <p>Supply voltage 24V/60mA</p> 	<p>Connector 9 only on modules with 3 analog inputs</p> <p>B1 binary input/ output 1</p> <p>...</p> <p>B8 binary input/ output 8</p> <p><math>U_{in+}</math> external aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{in-}</math> ground for ext. auxiliary supply</p> <p><math>U_{out+}</math> +24V aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{out-}</math> ground aux. supply</p>	 <p>Example: Connecting a load to binary output 4 (B4) and a solid-state relay to binary output 3 (B3) requires an external auxiliary supply.</p> <p>Diagram of the connector:</p> 
<p>B9 ... B16</p> <p>voltage-controlled LOW = -3 to +5V DC HIGH = 12 to 30V DC</p> <p>Supply voltage 24V/60mA</p> 	<p>Connector 11 only on modules with 3 analog inputs</p> <p>B9 binary input/ output 9</p> <p>...</p> <p>B16 binary input/ output 16</p> <p><math>U_{in+}</math> external aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{in-}</math> ground for ext. auxiliary supply</p> <p><math>U_{out+}</math> +24V aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{out-}</math> ground aux. supply</p>	 <p>Example: Binary input 12 (B12) is operated from the internal power supply.</p> <p>Diagram of the connector:</p> 
<p>B17 ... B24</p> <p>voltage-controlled LOW = -3 to +5V DC HIGH = 12 to 30V DC</p> <p>Supply voltage 24V/60mA</p> 	<p>Connector 13 only for instr. variant 2 and on modules with 3 analog inputs</p> <p>B17 binary input/ output 17</p> <p>...</p> <p>B24 binary input/ output 24</p> <p><math>U_{in+}</math> external aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{in-}</math> ground for ext. auxiliary supply</p> <p><math>U_{out+}</math> +24V aux. supply</p> <p><math>U_{out-}</math> ground aux. supply</p>	 <p>Example: Binary input 20 (B20) is operated from the internal power supply.</p> <p>Diagram of the connector:</p> 

Connector assignments	Connector	Diagram	
<b>Relay outputs</b>			
Relay 1 changeover (SPDT)	Connector 1 		
Relay 2 changeover (SPDT)	Connector 14 only for instr. variant 1 		
Relay 3 changeover (SPDT)			
Relay 4 changeover (SPDT)			
Relay 5 changeover (SPDT)			
Relay 6 changeover (SPDT)			
Relay 7 changeover (SPDT)			
<b>Interfaces</b>			
RS232C for barcode reader 9-pin SUB-D socket connector	Connector 2 	2 RxD 3 TxD 5 GND	Receive Data Transmit Data Ground
PROFIBUS-DP 9-pin SUB-D socket connector (extra code)	Connector 3 	3 RxD/TxD-P 5 DGND 6 VP 8 RxD/TxD-N	Receive/Transmit Data-Pos. B conductor Ground for data transmission Supply voltage-Pos. Receive/Transmit Data-Neg. A conductor
Setup interface	Connector 5 	The recorder also has a setup interface on the front panel, connected in parallel. The two interfaces cannot both be operated at the same time.	
Ethernet RJ45 socket connector	Connector 6 	1 TX+ 2 TX- 3 RX+ 6 RX-	Transmit Data + Transmit Data - Receive Data + Receive Data -
RS232C 9-pin SUB-D socket connector (switchable to RS485)	Connector 7 	2 RxD 3 TxD 5 GND	Receive Data Transmit Data Ground
RS485 9-pin SUB-D socket connector (switchable to RS232)	Connector 7 	3 TxD+/RxD+ 5 GND 8 TxD-/RxD-	Transmit/Receive Data + Ground Transmit/Receive Data -

## Overview of the electrical isolation



## Dimensions



## Order details

	<b>Basic type</b>
706580/	Paperless recorder with Ethernet, Setup and RS232/RS485 interface and RS232 interface (to connect a barcode reader) and one relay

	<b>Basic type extensions</b>
	<b>Software</b>
0	No software package
1	With software package (setup program, PC Evaluation software PCA3000, PCA Communications software PCC)
	<b>Language for instrument texts</b>
8	Factory setting (English/German)
9	Set to customer specification

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>Module slots</b>
			<b>Slot 1 (bottom)</b>
0			not used
2			3 analog inputs and 8 binary inputs/outputs
3			6 analog inputs
			<b>Slot 2 (middle)</b>
0			not used
2			3 analog inputs and 8 binary inputs/outputs
3			6 analog inputs
			<b>Slot 3 (top)</b>
		0	not used
		1	6 relay outputs
		2	3 analog inputs and 8 binary inputs/outputs
		3	6 analog inputs

	<b>Supply</b>
33	100 – 240V AC +10/-15%, 48 – 63Hz
25	20 – 30V AC/DC, 48 – 63Hz (under development)

	<b>Extra codes</b>
020	Lithium battery for memory buffering
021	Storage capacitor (instead of extra code 020)
260	Math and logic module
267	Profibus-DP interface (under development)
350	Universal carrying case TG-35

706580/ [ ] - [ ] - [ ] / [ ] ....<sup>1</sup> (Order code)  
 706580/ 1 8 - 3 2 1 - 33 / 020 (Order example)

<sup>1</sup>. List extra codes in sequence, separated by commas.

## Standard accessories

- 1 Installation instructions B 70.6580.4
- 1 Operating instructions B 70.6580.1
- 4 mounting brackets
- 1 control panel seal
- 1 CD with detailed operating instructions and additional documentation